

PROGRESSION OF SKILLS –Science For the curriculum content & planning please see the Curriculum Overviews (Yearly & Half Termly)

	Nursery and Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Questioning and enquiry	Ask simple questions about the world around us.	Ask simple questions about the world around us. Begin to recognise that they can be answered in different ways.	Ask questions about the world around us. Recognise that they can be answered in different ways.	Ask some relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiries to answer them. Begin to explore everyday phenomena and the relationships between living things and familiar environments. Begin to develop their ideas about functions, relationships	Ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiries to answer them. Explore everyday phenomena and the relationships between living things and familiar environments. Begin to develop their ideas about functions, relationships and interactions.	Begin to plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. Begin to explore and talk about ideas, ask their own questions about scientific phenomena, analyse functions, relationships and interactions more systematically.	Plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. Explore and talk about ideas, ask their own questions about scientific phenomena, analyse functions, relationships and interactions more systematically.

			and interactions. Begin to raise their own questions about the world around them. Begin to make some decisions about which types of enquiry will be the best way of answering questions.	Raise their own questions about the world around them. Make some decisions about which types of enquiry will be the best way of answering questions.	Begin to recognise some more abstract ideas and begin to recognise how these ideas help them to understand how the world operates. Begin to recognise scientific ideas change and develop over time. Begin to select the most appropriate ways to answer science questions using different types of scientific enquiry	Begin to recognise more abstract ideas and begin to recognise how these ideas help them to understand how the world operates. Begin to recognise scientific ideas change and develop over time. Select the most appropriate ways to answer science questions using different types of scientific enquiry.
Observing and measuring.	Begin to observe closely, using simple	Observe closely, using simple equipment.	Begin to make systematic and careful	Make systematic and careful	Begin to take measurements, using a range of	Take measurements, using a range of
Pattern seeking	equipment. Use simple observations	Use observations and ideas to	observations and, where appropriate, take accurate	observations and, where appropriate, take accurate	scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and	scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and

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and ideas to	suggest answers	measurements	measurements	precision,	precision,
suggest answers	to questions.	using standard	using standard	taking repeat	taking repeat
to questions.		units, using a	units, using a	readings where	readings where
	To observe	range of	range of	appropriate.	appropriate.
To observe	changes over	equipment,	equipment,		
simple changes	time and, with	including	including	Begin to	Identify
over time and,	guidance, begin	thermometers	thermometers	identify	patterns that
with guidance,	to notice	and data	and data	patterns that	might be found
begin to notice	patterns and	loggers.	loggers.	might be found	in the natural
patterns and	relationships.	00	00	in the natural	environment.
relationships.	Poi	Begin to look	Begin to look	environment.	
F	To say what I	for naturally	for naturally		Make their own
To say what I	am looking for	occurring	occurring	Begin to make	decisions about
am looking for	and what I am	patterns and	patterns and	their own	what
and what I am	measuring.	relationships	relationships	decisions about	observations to
measuring.	incus aring,	and decide	and decide	what	make, what
measuring	To know how	what data to	what data to	observations to	measurements
To know how	to use simple	collect to	collect to	make, what	to use and how
to use simple	equipment	identify them.	identify them.	measurements	long to make
equipment	safely.	factify them.	factify them.	to use and how	them for and
safely.	surcry.	Help to make	Help to make	long to make	whether to
ourery.	Use simple	decisions about	decisions about	them for and	repeat them.
Use simple	measurements	what	what	whether to	repeat them.
measurements	and equipment	observations to	observations to	repeat them.	Choose the
and equipment	with increasing	make, how long	make, how long	repeat them.	most
with support (eg	independence	to make them	to make them	Choose the	appropriate
hand lenses and	(eg hand lenses	for and the type	for and the type	most	equipment and
egg timers).	and egg timers).	of simple	of simple	appropriate	explain how to
cgg timers).	and egg timers).	equipment that	equipment that	equipment and	use it
Begin to	Begin to	might be used.	might be used.	explain how to	accurately.
progress from	progress from	might be used.	might be used.	use it	accuratery.
non-standard	non-standard	Learn to use	Learn to use	accurately.	Can interpret
units, reading	units, reading	some new	new equipment	accuratery.	data and find
cm, m, cl, l, °C.	mm, cm, m, ml,	equipment	appropriately	Begin to	
ciii, iii, ci, i, °C.	1, °C.	appropriately	appropriately	interpret data	patterns.
	1, 0.	appropriately		interpret uata	

			 (eg data loggers). Begin to see a pattern in my results. Begin to choose from a selection of equipment. Begin to observe and measure accurately using standard units including time in minutes and seconds. 	 (eg data loggers). Can see a pattern in my results. Can choose from a selection of equipment. Can observe and measure accurately using standard units including time in minutes and seconds. 	and find patterns. Select equipment on my own. Can make a set of observations and say what the interval and range are. Begin to take accurate and precise measurements – N, g, kg, mm, cm, mins, seconds, cm ² V, km/h, m per sec, m/ sec Graphs – pie, line	Select equipment on my own. Can make a set of observations and say what the interval and range are. Accurate and precise measurements - N, g, kg, mm, cm, mins, seconds, cm ² V, km/h, m per sec, m/ sec Graphs - pie, line, bar.
Investigating	Perform simple tests with support. To begin to discuss my ideas about how to find things out. To begin to say what happened	Perform simple tests. To discuss my ideas about how to find things out. To say what happened in	Set up some simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests. Begin to recognise when a simple fair test is necessary and help to	Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests. Recognise when a simple fair test is necessary and help to	Begin to use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests. Begin to recognise when and how to set	Use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests. Recognise when and how to set up comparative and fair tests

	in my investigation.	my investigation.	decide how to set it up. Begin to think of more than one variable factor	decide how to set it up. Can think of more than one variable factor.	up comparative and fair tests and explain which variables need to be controlled and why. Begin to suggest improvements to my method and give reasons. Begin to decide when it is appropriate to do a fair test.	and explain which variables need to be controlled and why. Suggest improvements to my method and give reasons. Decide when it is appropriate to do a fair test.
Recording and reporting findings.	Gather and record data with some adult support, to help in answering questions. Begin to record simple data. Begin to record and communicate their findings in a range of ways.	Gather and record data to help in answering questions. Record simple data. Record and communicate their findings in a range of ways. Can show my results in a	Gather, record, and begin to classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions. Begin to record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys,	Gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions. Record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts and tables.	Begin to record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables and bar and line graphs. Begin to report and present findings from enquiries.	Record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables and bar and line graphs. Report and present findings from enquiries.

	Can show my results in a simple table that my teacher has provided.	table that my teacher has provided.	 bar charts and tables. Begin to report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions. Begin to use notes, simple tables and standard units and help to decide how to record and analyse their data. Begin to record results in tables and bar charts. 	Report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions. Use notes, simple tables and standard units and help to decide how to record and analyse their data. Can record results in tables and bar charts.	Begin to decide how to record data from a choice of familiar approaches. Begin to choose how best to present data.	Decide how to record data from a choice of familiar approaches. Can choose how best to present data.
Identifying, classifying and grouping	Identify and classify with some support. To begin to observe and identify,	Identify and classify. Observe and identify, compare and describe.	Begin to identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes.	Identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes.	Begin to use and develop keys and other information records to identify, classify and describe	Use and develop keys and other information records to identify, classify and describe

	compare and describe. To begin to use simple features to compare objects, materials and living things and, with help, decide how to sort and group them.	Use simple features to compare objects, materials and living things and, with help, decide how to sort and group them.	Begin to talk about criteria for grouping, sorting and classifying and use simple keys. Begin to compare and group according to behaviour or properties, based on testing.	Talk about criteria for grouping, sorting and classifying and use simple keys. Compare and group according to behaviour or properties, based on testing.	living things and materials.	living things and materials.
Research	To begin to use simple secondary sources to find answers. To begin to find information to help me from books and computers with help.	Use simple secondary sources to find answers. Can find information to help me from books and computers with help	Begin to recognise when and how secondary sources might help to answer questions that cannot be answered through practical investigations.	Begin to recognise when and how secondary sources might help to answer questions that cannot be answered through practical investigations.	Begin to recognise which secondary sources will be most useful to research their ideas.	Recognise which secondary sources will be most useful to research their ideas.
Conclusion	Begin to talk about what they have found out and how they found it out.	Talk about what they have found out and how they found it out.	I am beginning to use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values,	Using results to draw simple conclusions , make predictions for new values, suggest	Am beginning to report and present findings from enquiries , including conclusions, causal	Reporting and presenting findings from enquiries , including conclusions, causal

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changes, their data in Draw
changes, patterns,their data inDrawpatterns, similarities and differences in their data inorder to drawBegin to drawconclusionsbased on their differences in their data insimpleconclusionsbased on theirdata anddata and their data inanswerdata andobservations,use evidence toorder to draw simplequestions.observations,use evidence tojustify theirconclusions and simpleWith support, questionsjustify theirideas, usescientificquestions.questions.questionsscientificknowledge andunderstandingwith support, am beginning to identify newdata, make newunderstandingto explain theirfindings.to identify newfind ways offindings.findings.

data, make new predictions and find ways of improving what they have already done.can see a pattern in my results.Am beginning to see a pattern in my results.Can say what i found out, linking cause and effect.Am beginning to say what I found out, linking cause and effect.Can say what I could make it better.Am beginning to say what I found out, linking cause and effect.Can say what I could make it better.Am beginning to say what I found out, linking cause and effect.Can say how I could make it better.Am beginning to say how I could make it better.Can say eave could make it better.Am beginning to answer questions from what I have found out.Say how I how I out out	Begin to look for different causal relationships in their data and identify evidence that refutes or supports their	 predictions to set up further comparatives and fair tests. Look for different causal relationships in their data and identify evidence that refutes or supports their ideas. Use their results to identify when further tests and observations are needed. Separate opinion from fact. Can draw conclusions and identify scientific evidence. Can use simple models.
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					 scientific evidence. Can use simple models. Know which evidence proves a scientific point. Begin to use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative 	Know which evidence proves a scientific point. Use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests.
Vocabulary	Use some simple scientific language Begin to use some science words. Use comparative language with support.	Use simple scientific language and some science words. Use comparative language – bigger, faster etc.	Begin to use some scientific language to talk and, later, write about what they have found out. Begin to use relevant scientific language. Begin to use comparative and superlative language.	Use some scientific language to talk and, later, write about what they have found out. Use relevant scientific language. Use comparative and superlative language.	and fair tests. Am beginning to read, spell and pronounce scientific vocabulary correctly. Am beginning to use relevant scientific language and illustrations to discuss, communicate and justify scientific ideas.	Read, spell and pronounce scientific vocabulary correctly. Use relevant scientific language and illustrations to discuss, communicate and justify scientific ideas. Can confidently use

			Am beginning to confidently use a range of scientific vocabulary. Am beginning to use conventions such as trend, rogue result, support prediction and - er word generalisation. Am beginning to use scientific ideas when describing simple processes. Am beginning to use the correct science vocabulary.	a range of scientific vocabulary. Can use conventions such as trend, rogue result, support prediction and -er word generalisation. Can use scientific ideas when describing simple processes. Can use the correct science vocabulary.
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