

PROGRESSION OF LEARNING -DANCE

For the curriculum content & planning please see the Curriculum Overviews (Yearly & Half Termly)

	Skills	Dance Element Focus	Understanding & Impact	Curriculum Links
Nursery	 Copies and repeat simple actions Uses strength to action locomotor movements for example; crawling, walking and marching in a sequence to music. 	Space - physical surroundings, size and direction)	 Express an opinion about dance. Understands and chooses safe movements through performance Expresses how their body feels when performing skill 	 EUMM 30-50m Enjoys joining in with dancing and ring games Beginning to move rhythmically BI 30-50m Developing preferences for forms of expression. Notices what adults do, imitating what is observed and then doing it spontaneously when the adult is not there
Reception	 To explore non locomotor skills eg; bending, stretching, rolling, swaying, twisting. Uses strength to action locomotor movements for example; crawling, walking and marching in a sequence to music. 	Space - physical surroundings, size, direction and learning pathways.	 Express and communicate opinion about dance. Understands and chooses safe movements through performance Expresses how their body feels when performing skills 	 EUMM 40-60m Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances BI 40-60m Initiates new combinations of movement and gesture in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences EUMM GLD Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them BI GLD They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories

Year 1	 Copies and repeat a simple pattern of actions Varies speed when performing actions Present a sequence of actions together to a friend Uses strength and balance to display locomotor movements for example; jumping and leaping 	Time to music and movement. Including - tempo, rhythm and speed.	To understand how my body feels before, during and after dance.	Perform dances using simple movement patterns
Year 2	 Begins to improvise/ experiments independently to coordinate a simple movements in a sequence Uses strength, balance and begins to use flexibility to display locomotor movements for example; jumping and leaping. 	Deeper understanding of literal time to music and movement. Including - tempo, rhythm and speed.	To understand that cultures use dance to reflect values and identity.	
Year 3	 Uses strength, balance and begins to use flexibility to display more challenging locomotor movements for example; spinning and skipping Choreographs a short dance sequence incorporating a variety of fundamental 	Dynamics - speed, energy and flow of movements)	To watch and demonstrate taught cultural dances or community story.	 Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best Perform dances using a range of movement patterns

	n	novement skills within novements eg; rolling, eaping and stretching			
Year 4	w a so • U	dentify elements of dance within a viewed sequence and discuss their impact on ociety. Use expressive facial skills to convey meaning of a cultural lance when experimenting.	Relationships - to music and spatial	•	To formally perform a taught cultural dance to a known audience.
Year 5	w co n • E	Change and experiment with a variety of more complex locomotor movements eg; cannon Explore using props within a lance sequence	Relationships - to music, spatial and other people	•	Understands and interprets the role dancers play in a sequences Looks at the moods and atmosphere, discussing their impact.
Year 6	v d c c c b	Can confidently perform a rariety of movements and lance sequences with control, accuracy, strength, coordination, alignment and palance Can hold and maintain a position using dramatic expression.		•	Explains in depth the role and coordination of elements within dances performed and dances watched.