

PROGRESSION OF LEARNING - CHARACTER

For the curriculum content & planning please see the Curriculum Overviews (Yearly & Half Termly)

	Virtue Skills	Virtue Reasoning	Virtue Practice	Curriculum Links
Nursery, Reception Stage 1	 Begin to identify some virtues Begin to identify which virtues are needed in particular situations Begin to identify how I feel in certain situations Begin to notice how others use virtues to handle situations 	 Begin to understand the benefits that virtues bring Begin to understand the middle way Begin to give and take reasons for my actions Begin to become aware of how I usually act in certain situations 	 Begin to put virtues into action Begin to learn from others who use virtues Begin to learn from what I say and do and think about improvement Begin to be aware of forming habits and of the person I would like to become Black History Month – Nursery learn about the work of Garrett Morgan (focus on Creativity virtue) Black History Month – Reception learn about the work of Mary Seacole (focus on Leadership virtue) 	 GLD- MFB Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride
Year 1, 2 Stage 2	 Identify some virtues Identify which virtue are needed in situations Identify how I feel in situations but my feelings still get the better of me sometimes 	 Understand the benefits that some virtues bring but don't always use the virtues Know the middle way but find it difficult to follow it Give and take reasons for my actions but they are not always the right ones 	 Put some virtues into action but still find it difficult to do the right thing. On some occasions learn from the example of others. Learn from what I say and do but still make 	PSHE To recognise what they like and dislike, what is fair and unfair, and what is right and wrong To share their opinions on things that matter to them and explain their views To recognise, name and deal with their feelings in a positive way To think about themselves, learn from their experience and recognise what they are good at

Handle how others use virtues to handle situations Identify a number of	To know how I typically act in some situations Understand the benefits of	some of the same old mistakes Try to form virtues habits which fit in with the person I would like to become Black History Month – Year 1 learn about the work of Martin Luther King Jr. (focus on Leadership virtue) Black History Month – Year 2 learn about the work of Jesse Owens (focus on Perseverance virtue)	 How to set simple goals. To take part in discussions with one other person and the whole class To take part in a simple debate about topical issues To recognise choices they can make, and recognise the difference between right and wrong To agree and follow rules for their group and classroom, and understand how rules help them To realise that people and other living things have needs, and that they have responsibilities to meet them That they belong to various groups and communities, such as family and school What improves and harms their local, natural and built environments and about some of the ways people look after them To contribute to the life of the class and school To realise that money comes from different sources and can be used for different purposes. To recognise how their behaviour affects other people To listen to other people, and play and work cooperatively To identify and respect the differences and similarities between people That family and friends should care for each other e) that there are different types of teasing and bullying, that bullying is wrong, and how to get help to deal with bullying. Does not include 'Developing Healthier Lifestyle' To talk and write about their opinions, and explain their
virtues quite easily Identify which virtues are required in a number of situations	using the virtues • Know the middle way and can follow it most of the time	into action and can mostly do the right thing rather than what I feel like doing	views, on issues that affect themselves and society To recognise their worth as individuals by identifying positive things about themselves and their achievements,

	•	Know how I feel in certain situations and I can, with effort, usually overcome my feelings to use the virtue Easily identify how others use virtues to handle situations
XT Stage 4	•	Have a detailed knowledge of the virtues Find it easy to identify which virtue is required in certain situations Can easily identify my
EXT	•	feelings and almost always use the virtues to educate them Regular learn from others'

- now how I feel in certain uations and I can, with ort, usually overcome feelings to use the tue
- sily identify how others e virtues to handle uations

use of the virtues

Know how I typically act in lots of situations

Have a detailed

areas of my life

understanding of the

benefits of the virtues

Can give and take detailed

reasons for acting and use

them to do the right thing

Develop high levels of self

awareness and know how I

typically act in the different

- Often learn from others' use of virtues
- Learn from what I say and do and make fewer of the same old mistakes
- Know what kind of person I would like to become and am having some success in forming virtuous habits
- Black History Month -Year 3 learn about the work of Ruby Bridges (focus on Bravery virtue)
- Black History Month -Year 4 learn about the work of Alma Thomas (focus on Creativity virtue)
- Black History Month -Year 5 learn about the work of Rosa Parks (focus on Bravery and Service virtues)

Put a wide range of

- virtues into action and enjoy doing it
 - Enjoy learning from others' use of virtues
 - Nearly always reflect on how I have spoken or acted so I can avoid the same mistakes
 - Know what kind of person I would like to

- seeing their mistakes, making amends and setting personal goals
- To face new challenges positively by collecting information, looking for help, making responsible choices, and taking action
- To recognise, as they approach puberty, how people's emotions change at that time and how to deal with their feelings towards themselves, their family and others in a positive way
- About the range of jobs carried out by people they know, and to understand how they can develop skills to make their own contribution in the future
- To look after their money and realise that future wants and needs may be met through saving.
- To research, discuss and debate topical issues, problems and events
- Why and how rules and laws are made and enforced, why different rules are needed in different situations and how to take part in making and changing rules
- To realise the consequences of anti-social and aggressive behaviours, such as bullying and racism, on individuals and communities
- That there are different kinds of responsibilities, rights and duties at home, at school and in the community, and that these can sometimes conflict with each other
- To reflect on spiritual, moral, social, and cultural issues, using imagination to understand other people's experiences
- To resolve differences by looking at alternatives, making decisions and explaining choices
- What democracy is, and about the basic institutions that support it locally and nationally
- To recognise the role of voluntary, community and pressure groups

become and I am	 To appreciate the range of national, regional, religious
successfully forming	and ethnic identities in the United Kingdom
habits to ensure that this	• That resources can be allocated in different ways and that
happens.	these economic choices affect individuals, communities
	and the sustainability of the environment
	• To explore how the media present information.
	• That their actions affect themselves and others, to care
	about other people's feelings and to try to see things from
	their points of view
	• To think about the lives of people living in other places
	and times, and people with different values and customs
	• To be aware of different types of relationship, including
	marriage and those between friends and families, and to
	develop the skills to be effective in relationships
	• To realise the nature and consequences of racism,
	teasing, bullying and aggressive behaviours, and how to
	respond to them and ask for help
	To recognise and challenge stereotypes
	• That differences and similarities between people arise
	from a number of factors, including cultural, ethnic,
	racial and religious diversity, gender and disability
	• Where individuals, families and groups can get help and
	support.
	Take responsibility [for example, for planning and
	looking after the school environment; for the needs of
	others, such as by acting as a peer supporter, as a
	befriender, or as a playground mediator for younger
	pupils; for looking after animals properly; for identifying
	safe, healthy and sustainable means of travel when
	planning their journey to school
	• Feel positive about themselves [for example, by
	producing personal diaries, profiles and portfolios of
	achievements; by having opportunities to show what they
	can do and how much responsibility they can take]

			 Participate [for example, in the school's decision-making process, relating it to democratic structures and processes such as councils, parliaments, government and voting] Make real choices and decisions [for example, about issues affecting their health and wellbeing such as smoking; on the use of scarce resources; how to spend money, including pocket money and contributions to charities] Meet and talk with people [for example, people who contribute to society through environmental pressure groups or international aid organisations; people who work in the school and the neighbourhood, such as religious leaders, community police officers] Develop relationships through work and play [for example, taking part in activities with groups that have particular needs, such as children with special needs and the elderly; communicating with children in other countries by satellite, e-mail or letters] Consider social and moral dilemmas that they come across in life [for example, encouraging respect and understanding between different races and dealing with harassment] Find information and advice [for example, through helplines; by understanding about welfare systems in society] Prepare for change [for example, transferring to secondary school Does not include 'Developing Healthier Lifestyle'
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